RIVER HEALTH REPORT CARD 2011 - 2012

A SNAP-SHOT OF RIVER HEALTH

In 2011-12 the River Health Monitoring Program (River Health), entered its third year of assessment in the Georges and began sampling in the Cooks catchment.

systems can be gained. In particular, River Health alongside ecologists collecting data integral to assessing the ecological condition of their catchment.

indicators to provide an assessment of areas of conservation value, assess effectiveness a valuable insight into the dynamic nature of the catchment health: water quality, vegetation and of on-ground works and identify future sites for Georges and Cooks Rivers systems.

understanding of the Georges and Cooks Rivers members in monitoring activities. Volunteers work support from Councils and Agencies.

Since 2009, volunteers have contributed over 2700 River Health monitors three important ecological Findings from the program are being used to identify hours of field work to the program while gaining

The program receives funding from the Australian By combining results of ecological indicators a greater River Health encourages participation of community Government's Caring for Our Country as well as

MACROINVERTEBRATES

Macroinvertebrates are small animals without a backbone, such as snails, worms and dragonfly nymphs. They live in all freshwater creeks and streams and are particularly sensitive to changes in water quality. River Health surveys macroinvertebrates in spring and autumn each year. Monitoring these animals provides a greater understanding of how aquatic ecosystems within the Georges and Cooks Rivers catchments respond to environmental pressures.



Water quality is an important factor to maintaining a healthy ecosystem. River Health monitors water quality in streams, wetlands and estuaries of the Georges and Cooks Rivers throughout the year. Monitoring water quality is providing us with a better understanding of how urbanisation and changed land use practices are affecting the health of the river and estuarine ecosystems.



VEGETATION

Healthy vegetation communities are important for maintaining a functioning ecosystem. Vegetation plays a major role in providing habitat, nutrient cycling, regulation of temperature and filtration of urban runoff. River Health assesses riparian (stream bank) and estuarine vegetation every three years. By monitoring these communities we are gaining a better understanding of their condition and effectiveness in maintaining healthy ecosystems in the Georges and Cooks Catchment.

Defines whether it

s routine or seasona

THE GRADING SYSTEM

River Health indicators are assessed against environment guidelines allowing the award of a grade between A+ and F-.

GRADE	CONDITION
A+	EXCELLENT
A - B+	GOOD
B - C-	FAIR
D+ - F-	POOR

INTERPRETING GRADING ICONS

This diagram shows an example grading box. Use this example to interpret the results from the individual sub catchments.



GRCCC





ALLIANCE

The CRA represents Local Government in the Cooks River Catchment of NSW. Member Councils include Ashfield Municipal, Bankstown City, Canterbury City, Hurstville City, Marrickville, Rockdale City, Strathfield Municipal and City of Sydney.

The River Health Monitoring Program is being undertaken in association with the Georges River Environmental Education Centre, Sydney Water Corporation, Sydney Metropolitan Catchment Management Authority and NSW Office of Environment and Heritage. River Health is funded by the Australian Government's Caring for our

Acknowledgments: The River Health Monitoring Program was developed by C. Tippler, A. Hanlon and P. Birtles and is modeled on the following existing programs: 1. EHMP (2008). Ecosystem Health Monitoring Program 2006-07 Annual Technical Report. South East Queensland Healthy Waterways Partnership, Brisbane. Centre for Environmental Management, Central Queensland University. 2. IWC (2009). Cobaki and Terranora Ecosystem Health Monitoring Program. 2009 technical report. International Water Centre, Brisbane. 3. Story A.W, Anderson L.E, Lynas J & Melville F (2007). Port Curtis Ecosystem Health Report Card. Port Curtis Integrated Monitoring Project (PCIMP). Cover photography by A.Hanlon, @GRCCC 2011 - 2012 River Health Georges and Cooks Rivers Report Card.

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GEORGES RIVER

The Georges River catchment covers an area of approximately 960 km2 and has a population of over 1 million people. It begins its journey 60km south west of Sydney near the town of Appin and flows north towards Liverpool, before turning east at Chipping Norton Lakes and enters the sea at Botany Bay.

The river has a number of important tributaries including Bunbury Curran Creek, Cabramatta Creek, Prospect Creek, Mill Creek and the Woronora River. Land use within the catchment includes industrial, agricultural and mining while approximately 45% remains in natural or near natural condition.

COOKS RIVER

The Cooks River begins as a small stream near Graf Park in Yagoona and flows eastward for 23km before entering Botany Bay. The catchment covers an area of approximately 100km2 and has a population of over half a million residents making it one of the most densely urbanised catchments in Australia.

decades of degradation. However small pockets of vibrant bushland and remnant ecological communities remain along with a thriving community working together to improve their river's health

Georges and Cooks Rivers Catchment Seasonal Rainfall

Rainfall May 2011 - April 2012 Long Term Average Rainfall

CATCHMENT SEASONAL RAINFALL

event in late 2011 resulted in Sydney experiencing the wettest spring since 2004. Wet conditions continued throughout summer and into autumn with rainfall records well above long term averages. High rainfall in urbanised catchments often results in declining water quality due to runoff and stormwater an ecosystem already under stress from the urban landscape.



WHAT CAN BE DONE

Georges and Cooks requires a whole of catchment Here are some simple ways you can reduce your approach. Sustainable management of environmental pressures degrading aquatic ecosystems are essential to building resilience in an urbanised catchment.

Rehabilitation of riparian corridors, sediment control • Plant a raingarden and install a rainwater tank and treatment of urban runoff and stormwater is occurring throughout the catchments as part of a collaborative approach between state agencies, councils and the local community.

Sydney Metropolitan

Improvement of the ecological condition of the You can help improve the health of your river too.

Use less fertilizers and pesticides around your home

FIND US AT Georges River

Georges River, NSW georgesriver.org.au

COUNTRY

Cooks River cooksriver.org.au



Sutherland Shire







